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disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted
Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
Protective Order. The parties acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated
Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local
Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be
applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.
2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>
2.1 <u>Party</u> : Any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).
2.2 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u> : All items or information, regardless of
the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or
responses to discovery in this matter.
2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: Information (regardless of how
generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards
developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).
2.4 <u>Receiving Party</u> : A Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material
from a Producing Party.
2.5 <u>Producing Party</u> : A Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or
Discovery Material in this action.
2.6 <u>Designating Party</u> : A Party or non-party that designates information or

- items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential."
- Protected Material: Any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is 2.7 designated as "Confidential."
- Outside Counsel: Attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who 2.8 are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.
  - House Counsel: Attorneys who are employees of a Party. 2.9

- 2.10 <u>Counsel</u> (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their support staffs).
- 2.11 Expert: A person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.
- 2.12 <u>Professional Vendors</u>: Persons or entities that provide litigation support services (*e.g.*, photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

# 3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

### 4. **DURATION**

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

### 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

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5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced. Discovery Material stamped or designated "CONFIDENTIAL," including documents, material or information produced, stamped or designated in other litigation or proceedings and made available in this action, shall be treated as Confidential for the purposes of this Order.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" on each page that contains protected material or furnish a separate written notice to the undersigned counsel for the party receiving such documents, material or information at the time of their production or as soon thereafter as practicable specifically identifying the documents or materials as "Confidential."

A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" on each page that contains Protected Material.

(b) for testimony given in deposition, that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony. When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers,

or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to twenty (20) days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought. Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the twenty (20) days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL", as instructed by the Party or nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

- (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary. and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions as "Confidential."
- 5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" after the material was initially produced. the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

#### 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

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Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by notifying the Designating Party in writing, by telephone or in person of its challenge and identifying the challenged material, then conferring directly in voice to voice dialogue with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, each Party must explain the basis for its respective position about the propriety of the challenged confidentiality designation, and must give the other Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. The Parties have 14 days from the initial notification of a challenge to complete this meet and confer process.

### 6.3 Judicial Intervention.

(a) Other than for exhibits that are offered at trial (see section 6.3(b)), if the Parties are not able to resolve a dispute about a confidentiality designation within the time provided above, a Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and/or in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the parties have complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

(b) Nothing herein contained shall prevent any of the parties from using designated Confidential Materials in connection with any trial in this matter, provided, however, that any party intending to use designated Confidential Materials at trial must notify the other

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parties of the intended use by the deadlines for exchanging trial exhibits. The Designating Party may apply to the Court for a Protective Order governing the use of the Confidential Materials at the trial. The use of Confidential Materials at trial shall be governed by such order as the court may make at the time. Confidential Materials that are not received into evidence at trial shall retain their Confidentiality status under this Protective Order.

#### 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

- 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:
- the Receiving Party's House Counsel and Outside Counsel of (a) record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom (b) disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);
  - (c) the Court and its personnel;
- (d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be

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Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and

- during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure (e) is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.
- (f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

## 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax or email, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order.

The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

#### UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL 9.

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated

Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

## 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

#### 11. FINAL DISPOSITION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Materials are returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

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#### 1 12. **MISCELLANEOUS** 2 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any 3 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. 4 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this 12.2 5 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or 6 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective 7 Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of 8 the material covered by this Protective Order. 9 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. 10 11 Dated: July 3/, 2008 12 13 By: 14 JOHN F. COVE, JR. (SBN 212213) MICHAEL F. TUBACH (SBN 145955) O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 275 Battery Street, 26<sup>th</sup> Floor BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP 15 1999 Harrison Street, Suite 900 Oakland, CA 94612 San Francisco, CA 94111-3305 16 Telephone: (510) 874-1000 Facsimile: (510) 874-1460 Telephone: (415) 984-8700 Facsimile: (415) 984-8701 17 DONALD L. FLEXNER (pro hac vice) PHILIP C. KOROLOGOS (pro hac vice) HENRY C. THUMANN (SBN 031519) 18 RICHARD G. PARKER (SBN 062356) BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 19 575 Lexington Avenue, 7th Floor 1625 Eye Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20006-4001 New York, NY 10022 20 Telephone: (212) 446-2300 Telephone: (202) 383-5300 Facsimile: (212) 446-2350 Facsimile: (202) 383-5414 21 JAMES P. DENVIR III (pro hac vice) Attorneys for Defendant 22 NORTHWEST AIRLINES **BOIES. SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP** CORPORATION 23 5301 Wisconsin Ave. NW Washington, DC 20015 24 Telephone: (202) 237-2727 Facsimile: (202) 237-6131 25 26 Attorneys for Defendant DELTA AIR LINES INC. 27 28

#### 12. **MISCELLANEOUS** 1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any 2 12.1 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. 3 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this 4 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or 5 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective 6 Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of 7 8 the material covered by this Protective Order. IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. 9 10 11 Dated: July 31, 2008 12 13 By: 14 JOHN F. COVE, JR. (SBN 212213) MICHAEL F. TUBACH (SBN 145955) BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 275 Battery Street, 26<sup>th</sup> Floor 15 1999 Harrison Street, Suite 900 San Francisco, CA 94111-3305 Oakland, CA 94612 16 Telephone: (510) 874-1000 Telephone: (415) 984-8700 Facsimile: (510) 874-1460 Facsimile: (415) 984-8701 17 DONALD L. FLEXNER (pro hac vice) HENRY C. THUMANN (SBN 031519) PHILIP C. KOROLOGOS (pro hac vice) 18 RICHARD G. PARKER (SBN 062356) BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP 1625 Eye Street, NW 19 575 Lexington Avenue, 7th Floor New York, NY 10022 Washington, D.C. 20006-4001 20 Telephone: (212) 446-2300 Telephone: (202) 383-5300 Facsimile: (212) 446-2350 (202) 383-5414 Facsimile: 21 Attorneys for Defendant JAMES P. DENVIR III (pro hac vice) 22 NORTHWEST AIRLINES BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP CORPORATION 5301 Wisconsin Ave. NW 23 Washington, DC 20015 24 Telephone: (202) 237-2727 Facsimile: (202) 237-6131 25

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Attorneys for Defendant DELTA AIR LINES INC.

08/01/2008Cbse73:08-cv4-03007-32RW

NO. 3:08-CV-3007-VRW

**ΩΤΤΡΙΠ ΑΤΡΙΝ ΦΡΟΤΡΟΤΙΌΡ ΟΒΙΝΡΟ** 

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
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4	I,[print or type full name], of
5	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury
6	that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
7	issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on
8	in the case of D'Augusta v. Northwest Airlines Corporation, et al., 3:08-
9	CV-3007-VRW. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
10	Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply
11	could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly
12	promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to
13	this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with
14	the provisions of this Order.
15	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United Sates District Court
16	for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
17	Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination
18	of this action.
19	I hereby appoint[print or type full name] of
20	[print or type full address and telephone number] as my
21	California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings
22	related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.
23	Dated:
24	City and State where sworn and signed:
25	Printed name:
26	Signature:
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